1. The New York State Basic Life Support Protocols have been updated to include Aspirin Administration by EMTs. What type of patient is this protocol designed to assist?
   a. Stroke patients
   b. Syncope patients
   c. Cardiac related patients
   d. Unconscious patients

2. The type of “cardiac related patients” that this medication should be administered to is a patient experiencing an acute coronary syndrome.
   True  False

3. The first priority in assessment of an adult cardiac related problem is:
   a. Reassess the patient for changes.
   b. BSI/Scene Safety
   c. Administer high concentration of oxygen.
   d. Transport the patient.

4. Oxygen is administered:
   a. By nasal cannula at 10 liters per minute.
   b. By venture mask at 12 liters per minute.
   c. By non-rebreather mask at 12-15 liters per minute.
   d. By non-rebreather mask at 6 liters per minute.

5. The blood pressure should be rechecked within:
   a. 2 minutes.
   b. 5 minutes.
   c. 10 minutes.
   d. 30 seconds.

6. The pain scale that is used for the evaluation of pain is:
   a. 1-20.
   b. 0-10.
   c. 0-5.
   d. 1-10.
7. The most common signs and symptoms necessary to administer aspirin include:
   a. Vomiting, nausea.
   c. Dizziness, syncope.
   d. Epistaxis.

8. What information must be verified prior to administration of ASA?
   a. Allergies to ASA, expiration of medication, milligrams per tablet and amount
to be given, evidence of recent G.I bleeding.
   b. Type of ASA, last oral intake.
   c. Insurance information.
   d. Hospital to be transferred to.

9. The patient is given the dose of ASA in what manner?
   a. Swallow with large glass of water.
   b. Chew and swallow the chewable ASA.
   c. Place under the tongue and allow to dissolve.
   d. Take the spouses ASA as prescribed.

10. The Patient must be able to___________ in order to take this medication(ASA):
    a. Stand.
    b. Chew and swallow.
    c. Sit quietly.
    d. Lay flat on back.

11. You must document the administration of the medication and the effects of the
    medication on what form?
    a. Pre-hospital care form.
    b. Fire Department run record.
    c. AED documentation form.
    d. Skill assessment sheets.

12. If patient becomes unresponsive after administration of ASA what action should be
    taken?
    a. Call medical control and advise.
    b. Insure an open airway and suction as necessary.
    c. Give water to ensure absorption.
    d. Do nothing.

13. When the patient is experiencing an “Acute Coronary Syndrome”, what type of facility
    would be MOST appropriate for the patient to be transferred to?
    a. Trauma center.
    b. A facility with Angioplasty Capability.
    c. Any medical facility.
    d. Doctor’s office.

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